

Research Development

Improving Veterans' Lives ---- www.research.va.gov

Advancements in Prosthetics Research: VA Studies of the DEKA Arm

Linda Resnik, PT, PhD, OCS

Research Health Scientist Providence VA Medical Center

Assistant Professor Department of Community Health Brown University





- Upper limb amputees are 3% of amputee population
- Historically, there has been little commercial interest in development of upper limb prosthetics
- Currently available devices aren't good enough to restore function

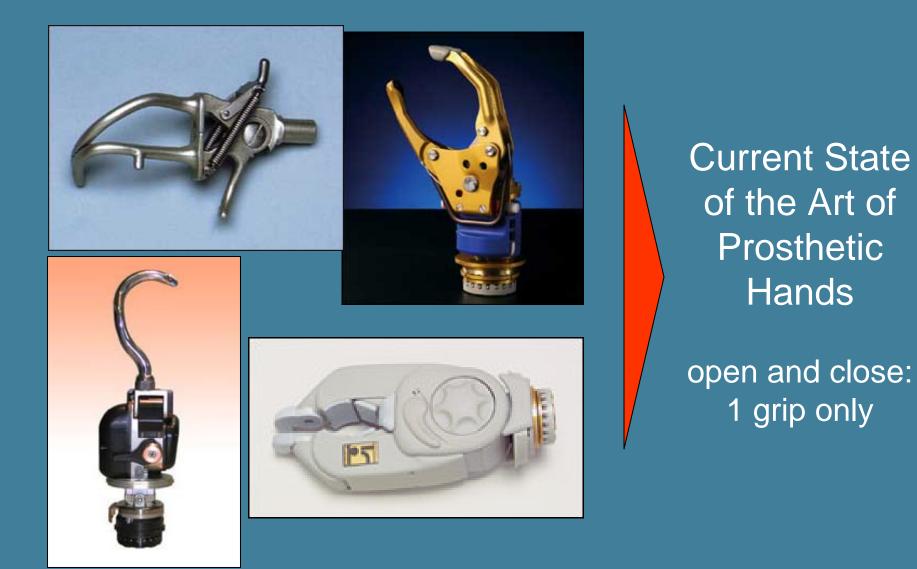




- Increasing prevalence of upper limb amputation due to injuries in Iraq and Afghanistan
- Upper limb amputees constitute 22% of new military amputees
- The majority of these amputees will separate from active duty and enroll in VA healthcare
- The VA will provide lifetime prosthetic care for Veterans with amputations

State of the Art: Prosthetic Hands





Current State of the Art in Sockets





- Rigid and uncomfortable
- Cannot adjust to changing anatomy
- Hot and sweaty



Research Development

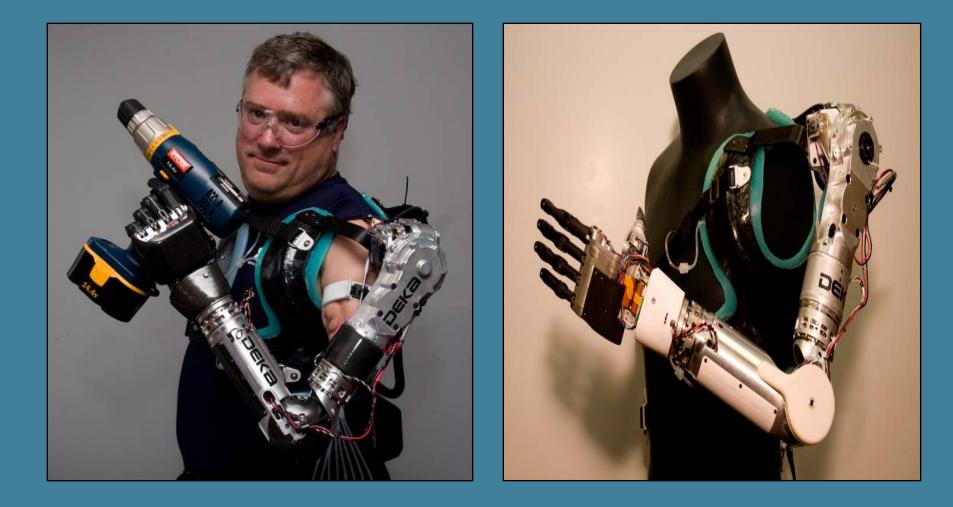
Improving Veterans' Lives ---- www.research.va.gov

DARPA's Revolutionizing Prosthetics Program

A major investment in technology development to advance the care of military members with upper limb amputations

The DEKA Gen2 Arm: 2 Years of Research & Development





DEKA Arm Features



Multiple hand grips

Enhanced comfortActive socket design

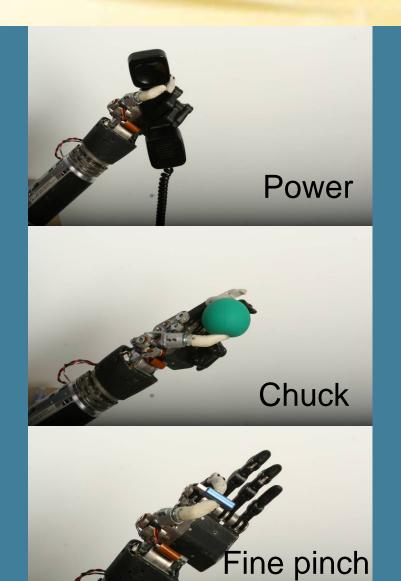
18 degrees of freedom10 powered

Improved speed and torque
Elbow lift capacity of up to 20 ft-lbs
Currently available between 2.5-4 lbs

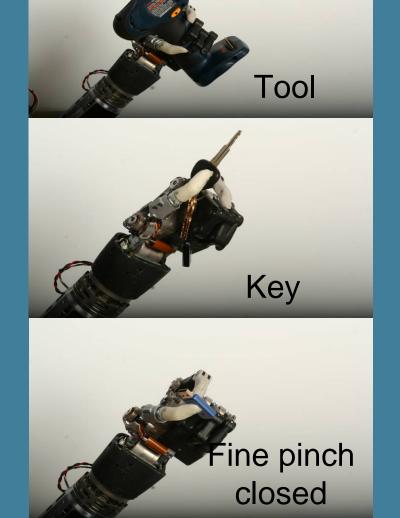
Grip Patterns







open



Active Socket



- Open frame concept
- Air bladders accommodate variability in tissue volumes
- Allows a closer, yet cooler, more comfortable fit



DEKA Tests Pilots







Courtesy of DEKA Research & Development

DEKA Gen2 Arm



- This is a product in development
- It is NOT commercially available yet
 - Further testing is required to inform optimization efforts
- VA is serving as a transition partner to conduct clinical studies of the DEKA arm

VA Studies of the DEKA Arm



- Funded by VA Rehabilitation Research and Development
- DEKA arms and support funded by DARPA

Research Partnership

- VA and DARPA Memorandum of Agreement
- VA and DEKA Cooperative Research Agreement
- Clinical collaboration with VA Prosthetics and Sensory Aids Services, Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation



1) Evaluate the amputee's experience of using the DEKA arm

2) Evaluate clinicians' experience of fitting, setting up and training subjects with the DEKA arm

3) Evaluate improvements in the arm and its software as it is optimized by DEKA

VA Research: Improving Veterans' Lives



These VA led studies demonstrate the VA's commitment to advance the field of prosthetics to better serve amputees injured in OEF/OIF and transitioning to the VA from DOD facilities.





Importance of the Study



 Study results will be used to inform design efforts of the Gen 3 arm

 VA's leading role will help to ensure that the DEKA arm is optimized to best suit needs of Veterans with amputations

Importance of the Study



Involvement of VA clinical and research services will help:

- determine the feasibility of deploying the DEKA arm within the VA
- position the VA amputee system of care at the cutting edge of upper limb prosthetics research



Research Development

VA Research: Improving Veterans' Lives

Thank You









Revolutionizing Prosthetics





Revolutionizing Prosthetics

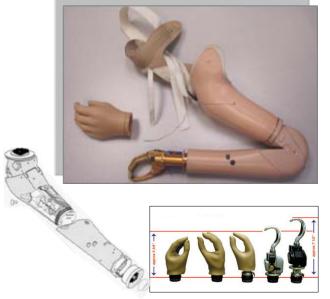
Exploit/advance state of the art technologies:

actuation, mechanical power distribution, energy storage, biotic/abiotic interfaces, sensors, computation, and **neural control**

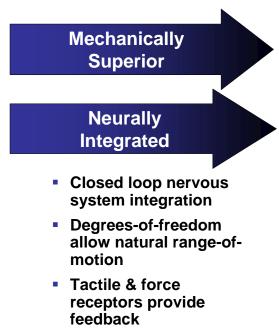


Provide fully integrated limb replacements that enable victims of upper body limb loss to perform arm and hand tasks with near-natural strength and dexterity

State of the Art: Utah arm



2 pound active lift Myoelectric or "shrug" control with a standard harness and socket interface



 Human-like endurance and actuation





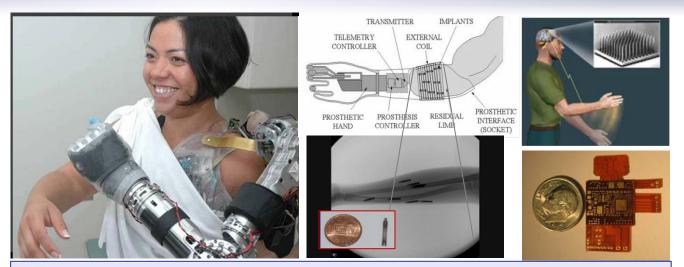


Revolutionizing Prosthetics



Clinical Development Strap-and-Go

- 6 patients, >500 hours of use to date
- Next steps
- >10 clinical trials
- >4 patient home trials
- Testing
- Design 3rd Gen Arm
- 2011- submit to FDA



Clinical Development Neural

- >30 patients with targeted motor reinnervation (TMR) surgery to facilitate arm control; 4 used arm in clinical setting
- Walter Reed and Brooke Army Medical Centers evaluate patients for TMR and have performed 3 surgeries at each facility to date
- Successful wireless cortical and peripheral nerve signal decoding experiments
- 2010 FDA submission; initiate trials for direct brain controlled device

Continued support to 2-year VA Optimization Study









Research Development

Improving Veterans' Lives ---- www.research.va.gov

Research Leading to a Paradigm Shift in VA Amputation Care



Gayle E. Reiber, PhD VA Senior Career Scientist





Funded by VA Health Services Research & Development



Little is published on service members with traumatic limb loss from Vietnam, Operation Iraqi Freedom and Operation Enduring Freedom (OIF/OEF). We need to better understand:

- Combat injuries
- Health
- Function
- Quality of life
- Prosthetic use and satisfaction
- Costs

Impact of the DoD Paradigm Shift on VA Amputee Prosthetic Care



Purpose of the Research

- **1.** To survey 501 eligible Vietnam and 541 OIF/OEF service members with traumatic limb loss
- **2.** To project future prosthetic shifts and costs for 5,10-,20 years and lifetime

Summary of the Project



Over 1,000 Veterans and service members with combatrelated limb loss identified Completed Survey for Prosthetic Use

(mail, internet and phone)

Costs determined and projected



- Expert panel met to discuss study issues, clinical recommendations, research recommendations and prepare manuscripts
- Single-topic issue of JRRD in late 2009 includes 10 manuscripts, 4 editorials and clinical and research recommendations

Program Status



- Survey response rate 62%
- Data analysis complete
- Identified key clinical and research topics
- Manuscripts under review
- Some clinical translation efforts underway
- Need support for other clinical and research initiatives

Results



	<u>Vietnam</u>	<u>OIF/OEF</u>
Phantom limb	72	76
Remaining limb	48	63
Wearing prostheses	47	40
Chronic back pain	36	42
Skin problems,%	51	57
PTSD, %	38	59
TBI, %	3	34

Significant Contributions



This research supports a VA Rehabilitation Paradigm shift in Amputation Care to better serve veterans with limb loss through an improved system of care.

- Regional
- VISN and
- Local clinical teams
- Uniform care to service members with limb loss regardless of conflict

Recommendations for Veterans with Limb Loss



Clinical topics:

- Paradigm shift in care and organization for veterans with limb loss
- Uniform standard for prosthetic care
- Continue veterans choice for prosthetic provider
- Registry, linked to medical record and prosthetic record

Research topics:

- Physical and psychosocial function, social support, quality of life, prosthetic satisfaction and outcomes
- Neuro-musculoskeletal pain
- Socket design to improve fit and decrease pain
- Decreasing abandonment of prosthetic devices
- Follow-up surveys

Expert Panel



Research Development

Advised on Study Issues, Recommendations and Wrote Manuscripts

VA

Lucille Beck. PhD Kendra Betz, MSPT, ATP Donna Jo Blake, MD, PT Rory Cooper, PhD Joseph Czerniecki, MD Paul Dougherty, MD Fred Downs Robert Gailey, PhD, PT Sandra L. Hubbard-Winkler, PhD Charles Maynard, PhD* Martin McDowell Lynne McFarland, PhD* John R. Milani, CPO Billie Jane Randolph, PhD, PT Gayle Reiber, PhD* Barbara Sigford, MD, PhD

Veteran Service Organizations

Juan Arredondo Ned Foote Jonathan Pruden, MPS

DOD

CPT Kristin Erickson, MD, MPH* John Fergason, CPO COL Jeffrey Gambel, MD, MPH LTC Paul Pasquina, MD, MC

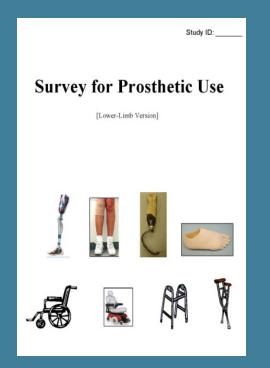
Academic Institutions/Other

Gary Berke, MS, CP, FAAOP David Blough, PhD* Tony Choppa, MEd, CRC, CCM, CDMS Alberto Esquenazi, MD John Hattingh, LCPO Allen Heinemann, PhD, ABPP Sharon Hubbard, MS* Melissa Jones, PhD, OTR/L, CHT Douglas Smith, MD*

Acknowledgments



We gratefully acknowledge the Veterans who participated in our study







Research Development

Improving Veterans' Lives ---- www.research.va.gov

Using VHA Telehealth to Improve Access and Patient Centered Outcomes for Community-Dwelling Veterans

Neale R. Chumbler, PhD





Aging Veterans with Chronic Care Needs



• Veteran population (age 85+)

- 124% (2000–2020)
- VHA treats --- triple '00-'11
- Live independently at home
- 32% of VHA patients in rural areas

Collaborations



- VA RR&D
- VA HSR&D
- VHA Office of Care Coordination
- VISN 8 Community Care Coordination Service

Home Telehealth



Patient Centered Care

- Delivery of health care services at a distance
- Veterans timely and convenient care (rural)
- Home-telehealth (CCHT)
 - Self management of chronic conditions in homes

Research Purpose



- 1. Compare effectiveness of care coordination/home-telehealth (CCHT) for Veterans with diabetes
- 2. To determine the effect of a telerehabilitation intervention on physical function

CCHT and Diabetes



 VHA Service Use: Significant in preventable hospitalizations (18 months)



- 2. Health-Related Quality of Life: Significant improvement @ 12 months
- **3. Mortality:** Significant in 4-year all-cause mortality

Chumbler et al., 2005; Jia et al., in press; Chumbler et al., 2009

Cost Effectiveness of Home-Telehealth and Diabetes



Cost effective for 1/3 of participants

 Cost-effectiveness varied by marital status, VAMC location site and co-morbidities

Tele-rehabilitation for Stroke Patients



- Stroke is a special emphasis population in the VA
- Very costly hospitalization for veterans with stroke and follow-up care
- Phase II randomized control trial
 - Patients recruited from 4 VAMCs in 4 VISNs
- Goal to improve functional mobility using multifaceted rehabilitation intervention via tele-health technology



Tele-rehabilitation for Stroke Patients



1. Exercise component: strengthening, balance and endurance

2. Adaptive strategies: identify home modifications, assistive devices

3. Screen for unforeseen problems, reinforce adherence to exercise

Enrollment is ongoing.

Research Improving Veterans' Lives



Home-telehealth and Diabetes:Key VHA non-institutional care service

- Support older veterans with chronic conditions as they age and remain independent
- Improves access to timely care and obviating hospital admissions

Research Improving Veterans' Lives



Tele-rehabilitation for Veterans with stroke

- Access to post-acute in-patient rehabilitation is limited
- Resources for in-home rehabilitation are limited
- Reinforce exercise adherence and rapid response to new functional problems

Next Steps: Tele-rehabilitation



Improved methods for functional assessment; more effective and efficient rehab strategies

- Interventions applicable to other rehab populations (i.e. polytrauma)
- Utility for older veterans with mobility disability
- May create national partnerships for approaches to transition from hospital to home

Next Steps: Home-telehealth



- Expand to support returning OEF/OIF heroes
- Expanded into the Personal Health Record

Darkins, 2008

Acknowledgment



- Thank you to all of the veterans who participated in the studies
- "Home-based telehealth stroke care: A randomized trial for Veterans" is a Merit Review Grant funded by VA Rehabilitation Research & Development (B4492R)
- HSR&D QUERI (QLP) (STR 04-347)

VA Research: Improving Veterans' Lives

